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# FUNDRAISING & MISCELLANEOUS TAX REGULATIONS

#### JULY 17, 2024

# MDCPA.CNF.IO

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# Federal Tax Regulations and Filings

# Pennsylvania Specific Regulations

Payments to Individuals

## What is Considered Fundraising?

- Straight-forward
  - Fund Drives
  - Soliciting
  - Social Media/Website
  - Grant Writing
- Not So Much...
  - Gaming
  - Fundraising Events

# **Gaming Includes**

- Bingo
- Pull tabs/instant bingo
- Texas Hold-Em Poker and other card games with betting
- Raffles
- Scratch-offs and other gaming tickets
- Casino nights/Las Vegas nights
- Coin-operated gambling devices

# • Section 501(c)(3)

- Has to be an "insubstantial" part of activities; gaming not a charitable activity
- Gaming can't result in inurement or prohibited private benefit to individuals/entities
- Gaming proceeds can't be diverted to private purposes
- Excess gaming could cause an organization to fail the "public support" test

# • Section 501(c)(4)

- Can't be a primary activity; gaming unlikely to promote social welfare
- Gaming can't result in inurement or prohibited private benefit to individuals/entities
- Gaming proceeds can't be diverted for private purposes
- Similar considerations for Section 501(c)(5) and 501(c)(6)

- Section 501(c)(7), 501(c)(8), and 501(c)(10) Social Clubs and Fraternal Organizations
  - Gaming only with members = OK; gaming open to public does not further exempt purpose
  - 501(c)(7) Social Clubs: have limits on receipts from nonmembers
- Section 501(c)(19) Veterans' Organizations
  - Gaming only with members and bona fide guests
     OK; gaming open to public does not further
     exempt purpose

- Section 527– Political Organizations
  - May conduct raffles to raise funds; would be taxable unless the raffle conducted during a political fundraising or entertainment event
  - Income from bingo may be exempt function income

# Can Gaming Generate Unrelated Business Income (UBI)?

- Considered a trade or business
- Regularly carried on
- Not substantially related to the organization's exempt purpose

- Exceptions:
  - Certain bingo games
  - -Substantially conducted by volunteer labor
  - -Qualified public entertainment activities

- Certain Bingo Games
  - Meets definition under the IRC and Regulations
    - Has to be cards with markers; bets placed; winners distributed in presence of all bettors
    - Game has to be legal in jurisdiction being conducted
    - For-profit organizations are banned from conducting regular bingo games in the jurisdiction

- Volunteer Labor
  - "Substantially conducted" not defined but generally viewed to be 85% (measured by hours worked)
    - Taking this exception? Keep hours worked records
  - "Compensation" interpreted broadly would include payment for labor, tips, and free goods/services
    - Reduce activity fees for working event would invalidate them as volunteers

- Qualified Public Entertainment
  - Public Entertainment Activity: Activity traditionally conducted at a fair or expo promoting agriculture and education
  - Conducted by a qualifying organization

     ((c)(3),(c)(4), or (c)(5)) that regularly conducts
     such a fair or expo as one of its substantial exempt
     purposes

# **UBI Filing**

- Form 990-T
  - If gross receipts equals or exceeds \$1,000
  - Tax over \$500 requires quarterly estimated tax payments

#### **Fundraising Events**

- Raising funds by selling goods and services for more than their fair market value (FMV), with the result that the excess portion of the payment is a gift
- Engaging in some event or activity that is more than just a solicitation of funds
  - Dinners, dances, door-to-door sales, concerts, carnivals, sports events, and auctions

#### **Fundraising Events**

 Do <u>not</u> include events or activities that substantially further the organization's exempt purpose even if they also raise funds

Should be considered program services

- Do not include gaming activity
  - If both are conducted, activity must be allocated between them

#### Fundraising Event Example

- Dinner and Auction
  - Ticket Cost: \$300
  - Includes auction of donated items
  - FMV of Dinner is \$75
- Reporting
  - \$300 ticket less \$75 FMV = \$225 contribution revenue
  - \$75 FMV of Dinner reported as fundraising event income
  - FMV of donated items reported as non-cash contributions and cost of good sold
  - Excess received for auction items reported as cash contributions

#### Form 990 Reporting

- 17 Did the organization report a total of more than \$15,000 of expenses for professional fundraising services on Part IX, column (A), lines 6 and 11e? *If* "Yes," *complete Schedule G, Part I.* See instructions
- 18 Did the organization report more than \$15,000 total of fundraising event gross income and contributions on Part VIII, lines 1c and 8a? If "Yes," complete Schedule G, Part II
- 19 Did the organization report more than \$15,000 of gross income from gaming activities on Part VIII, line 9a? // "Yes," complete Schedule G, Part III

- Payments to professional fundraising
  - \$15,000 threshold applies to the following:
    - Outside organizations to plan and manage fundraising activities, campaigns, events, maintain donor lists, prepare fundraising manuals, and conduct other activity involved with soliciting contributions
    - Fees paid to officers, directors, trustees, key employees
  - Other employees are excluded
  - Printing and mailing services are excluded

Part I

**Fundraising Activities.** Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 17. Form 990-EZ filers are not required to complete this part.

1 Indicate whether the organization raised funds through any of the following activities. Check all that apply.

a Mail solicitations

e Solicitation of non-government grants

**b** Internet and email solicitations

f Solicitation of government grants

- c 🗌 Phone solicitations
- d 🔲 In-person solicitations

- g 🔲 Special fundraising events
- 2a Did the organization have a written or oral agreement with any individual (including officers, directors, trustees, or key employees listed in Form 990, Part VII) or entity in connection with professional fundraising services?
- **b** If "Yes," list the 10 highest paid individuals or entities (fundraisers) pursuant to agreements under which the fundraiser is to be compensated at least \$5,000 by the organization.

	(i) Name and address of individual or entity (fundraiser)	(ii) Activity	custody or	draiser have r control of utions?	(iv) Gross receipts from activity	(v) Amount paid to (or retained by) fundraiser listed in col. (i)	(vi) Amount paid to (or retained by) organization
			Yes	No			
1							
2							
3							
4							
5				V			
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
Tota							
3	List all states in which the organ	nization is regist	ered or lice	ensed to s	olicit contributio	ns or has been notifie	ed it is exempt from

3 List all states in which the organization is registered or licensed to solicit contributions or has been notified it is exempt from registration or licensing.

Part II Fundraising Events. Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 18, or reported more than \$15,000 of fundraising event contributions and gross income on Form 990-EZ, lines 1 and 6b. List events with gross receipts greater than \$5,000.

			(a) Event #1 (event type)	(b) Event #2 (event type)	(c) Other events (total number)	(d) Total events (add col. (a) through col. (c))
Direct Expenses Revenue	1	Gross receipts				
	2	Less: Contributions				
	3	Gross income (line 1 minus line 2)				
	4	Cash prizes				
	5	Noncash prizes				
nses	6	Rent/facility costs				
Expe	7	Food and beverages				
	8	Entertainment				
	9	Other direct expenses .				
	10 11	Direct expense summary. Ad Net income summary. Subtra				

Pa	rt I	Gaming. Complete if th \$15,000 on Form 990-E2			990, Part IV, line 19,	or reported more than
Revenue			(a) Bingo	(b) Pull tabs/instant bingo/progressive bingo	(c) Other gaming	(d) Total gaming (add col. (a) through col. (c))
ev N						
Ē	1	Gross revenue				
Direct Expenses	2	Cash prizes				
	3	Noncash prizes				
Direct	4	Rent/facility costs				
_	5	Other direct expenses .				
	6		☐ Yes % ☐ No	□ Yes % □ No	Ves %	
	7	Direct expense summary. Ad	ld lines 2 through 5 in c	olumn (d)		
	8	Net gaming income summary	y. Subtract line 7 from li	ine 1, column (d)		
	<ul> <li>9 Enter the state(s) in which the organization conducts gaming activities:</li> <li>a Is the organization licensed to conduct gaming activities in each of these states?</li></ul>					
10		Were any of the organization's g If "Yes," explain:	-			? . Yes No

11	Does the organization conduct gaming activities with nonmembers?	Ves	🗌 No			
12	Is the organization a grantor, beneficiary or trustee of a trust, or a member of a partnership or other entity					
	formed to administer charitable gaming?	Yes	🗌 No			
13	Indicate the percentage of gaming activity conducted in:					
а	The organization's facility		%			
b	An outside facility		%			
14	Enter the name and address of the person who prepares the organization's gaming/special events books and records:					
	Name					
	Address					
	Does the organization have a contract with a third party from whom the organization receives gaming revenue?	Ves	🗌 No			
	If "Yes," enter the amount of gaming revenue received by the organization \$ and the amount of gaming revenue retained by the third party \$ and the life "Yes," enter name and address of the third party:					
č						
	Name					
	Address					
16	Gaming manager information:					
	Name					
	Gaming manager compensation \$					
	Description of services provided					
	Director/officer Employee Independent contractor					
17	Mandatory distributions:					
a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
-	retain the state gaming license?	Ves	🗌 No			
b	Enter the amount of distributions required under state law to be distributed to other exempt organizations or					
	spent in the organization's own exempt activities during the tax year \$					
Part	Supplemental Information. Provide the explanations required by Part I, line 2b, columns ( Part III, lines 9, 9b, 10b, 15b, 15c, 16, and 17b, as applicable. Also provide any addition See instructions.					

#### **Pennsylvania Specific Regulations**

#### Legal Forms of Gambling in PA

- Race Horse Industry Reform Act
- PA Lottery
- Bingo conducted pursuant to the bingo law
- Race Horse Development and Gaming Act
- Local Option Small Games of Chance Act
- Sport Raffle Charites Act (SRCA)

# **Small Games of Chance**

- Pennsylvania Local Option Small Games of Chance Act of 1988
  - Amended by Act 2 and 184 of 2012
  - Amended by Act 90 and 92 of 2013
- Licensed eligible organizations can conduct:
  - Pull-tab games
  - Punchboards
  - Raffles
  - Daily, weekly, 50/50 drawings
  - Race night games
  - Pools

#### **Small Games of Chance License**

- Issued by County Treasurers
  - Annual License
  - Monthly License
  - Special Raffle Permits

# **Eligible Organizations**

- Charitable, religious, fraternal, or veterans' organization
- Club, civic, and service association
- Affiliated non-profit organization of a major league sports team
- Must be in existence for one year

# **Prize Limits**

- Prize for a single chance in any game may not exceed \$2,000
- An organization is limited to awarding \$35,000 in prizes during an operating week
- No more than \$15,000 may be awarded in raffles

#### **Prize Limits Exceptions**

- Raffles under special permit
  - Up to 10 special permits and may award up to \$150,000 from all special permit raffles
  - Volunteer fire, ambulance, rescue, or conservation organizations that are <u>not club licensees</u> are permitted up to 12 special permits and may award up to \$250,000 from all special permit raffles

#### **Prize Limit Exceptions**

- Daily and weekly drawing carryovers
  - Prize is carried over when there is no winner
- 100 percent payout drawing
  - Not subject to the \$35,000 weekly prize limit

#### **Use of Proceeds or Net Revenue**

- Eligible Organizations
  - Use for "Public Interest Purpose"
- Clubs
  - 40% used towards club expenses
  - 60% used towards "Public Interest Purpose"
  - Expended within one year except:
    - For a substantial public interest purchase or project
- Organizations with proceeds in excess of \$40,000
  - Required to keep all small games of chance proceeds in a bank account separate from other funds

#### Reporting

- Pertaining to <u>Clubs</u>
  - If proceeds are in excess of \$20,000 in a calendar year, annual reports are required
    - Proceeds received from each game of chance conducted, itemized by week
    - Amount of prizes paid for all games of chance, itemized by week
    - Costs incurred related to the conduct of games of chance
    - Verification and itemization of amounts distributed for public interest

# **Record Keeping**

- The following items must be retained for 2 years:
  - Sales invoices
  - Gross receipts from each game of chance
  - Cost of each game of chance and other related expenses
  - Total prizes paid for each game of chance and each prize's FMV
  - The proceeds from each game of chance
  - Details on how proceeds from games of chance were used or disbursed by the organization
  - A list of winners names and addresses for prizes in excess for \$600
  - Copies of W-2G's issued
  - Invoice of purchase price for merchandise prizes

#### PA BCO-10

- Required under the Pennsylvania Solicitation of Funds for Charitable Purpose Act
- Must register with the PA Bureau of Charitable Organizations unless excluded or exempt from the Act

- Initial registration
  - Prior to compensating any person for soliciting contributions
  - Within 30 days of receiving more than \$25,000 in gross contributions for those that do not compensate any person for soliciting contributions
- Renewal
  - Required each year no later than the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the eleventh month following the close of the organization's fiscal year

- What's required?
  - Completed BCO-10 Form
    - Contact information and background of the organization
    - Compensated persons/professional solicitors
    - Officers, directors, trustees, employee relationships
  - Applicable Form 990 with electronic signature page
  - Complied, reviewed, or audited financial statements, as applicable
  - Registration fee
  - Initial registrants:
    - IRS exemption letter
    - Charter/articles of incorporation
    - By-laws

<b>Gross Annual Contributions</b> <sup>1</sup>	Registration Fee
Section 162.7(a) organizations	\$15
\$25,000 or less	\$15
\$25,001 to less than \$100,000	\$100
\$100,000 to less than \$500,000	\$150
Greater than \$500,000	\$250

<b>Gross Annual Contributions</b>	<b>Type of Financial Statements Required</b>
Section 162.7(a) organizations	None
\$25,000 or less	Internally Prepared, Compiled, Reviewed, or Audited
\$25,000 to less than \$100,000	Internally Prepared, Compiled, Reviewed, or Audited
\$100,000 to less than \$250,000	Compiled, Reviewed or Audited
\$250,000 to less than \$750,000	Reviewed or Audited
\$750,000 or more	Audited

- Gross annual contributions
  - All contributions received (even if outside of PA)
  - Sum Part VIII lines 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d, 1f, 8a, and 9a
     from Form 990
  - Government grants are excluded

## Exemptions

- Under \$25,000 threshold and do not compensate for solicitation of contributions
- Education institution
- Hospital or hospital foundation
- Public/nonprofit library organization
- Parent/teacher association or organization

## **Exemptions**

- All of the below must meet the following:
  - All fundraising is carried on by volunteers, members, or auxiliary of
  - No compensation directly or indirectly for the fundraising activities
    - 1. Veterans' organization chartered under federal law
    - 2. Volunteer fire company
    - 3. Ambulance association
    - 4. Rescue squad association
    - 5. Senior citizen center

## **Payments to Individuals**

# Reporting of Winnings and Withholding Income Tax

- Threshold at which winnings become reportable depend on the type of game involved
- For all winnings <u>other than</u> poker, keno, bingo, or slot machines, report payment of winnings (includes raffle prizes) when the amount paid is:
  - \$600 or more and
  - At least 300x the wager

# IRS Pub. 3079: Summary of Reportable Winnings

#### **Summary of Reportable Winnings**

Type of Game	Winnings Amount at Least:	Reduced by Amount of Wager?
Bingo	\$1,200	No
Slot machines	\$1,200	No
Keno	\$1,500	Yes
Other wagering transactions (instant bingo, pull-tabs, raffles and so on)	\$600 and at least 300 times the wager	At option of payer
Poker tournaments	\$5,000.01	Yes

## Form W-2G, Certain Gaming Winnings

3535		ECTED		_
PAYER'S name, street address, city or town, state or province, country, and ZIP or foreign postal code		1 Reportable winnings	2 Date won	OMB No. 1545-0238
				Form W-2G
		\$		Certain
		3 Type of wager	4 Federal income tax withheld	dambing
			\$	Winnings
		5 Transaction	6 Race	(Rev. December 2023)
				For calendar year
		7 Winnings from identical wagers	8 Cashier	20
PAYER'S TIN	PAYER'S telephone no.	\$		-
		9 WINNER'S TIN	10 Window	For Privacy Act
				and Paperwork
				Reduction Act
WINNER'S name		11 First identification no.	12 Second identification no.	Notice, see the current General
				Instructions for
Other the data and the second	1	10 Onto Danada at ta identification o	dd Otata udaalaas	Certain Information
Street address (including apt.	no.)	13 State/Payer's state identification no.	14 State winnings	Returns.
			\$	
City or town, state or province	e, country, and ZIP or foreign postal code	15 State income tax withheld	16 Local winnings	
				File with Form 1096
		\$	\$	
		17 Local income tax withheld	18 Name of locality	Copy A
				For Internal Revenue
		\$		Service Center
	declare that, to the best of my knowledge cipient of this payment and any payments fro			
Signature:			Date:	
Form W-2G (Rev. 12-2023)	Cat. No. 10138V	www.irs.gov/FormW2G	Department of the Treasury -	- Internal Revenue Service
Do Not Cut o	r Separate Forms on This Pa	ge — Do Not Cut or		

# **Reporting Winning and Withholding Income Tax**

- You must withhold income tax from winnings if proceeds are more than \$5,000 and wager was placed:
  - Lottery, raffle, poker tournament(\*), sweepstakes, other waging pool
  - Any other waging activity if proceeds are at least 300x the amount wagered
  - Non-cash proceeds (i.e. a car) are measured by the fair market value of the item won

(\*)need not withhold poker tournament winnings if reported on Form W-2G

# IRS Pub. 3079: Summary of Withholding Requirements

#### **Summary of Withholding Requirements**

Type of Gaming	Regular Withholding at 24% if Winnings Are:	Backup Withholding at 24% if Winner Does Not Provide TIN and Winnings Are:
Bingo	N/A	≥ \$1,200
Slot machines	N/A	≥ \$1,200
Keno	N/A	≥ \$1,500
Sweepstakes, wagering pools, lotteries and raffles	>\$5000	\$600 to \$5,000
Wagering transactions when winnings are at least 300 times the amount wagered	>\$5,000	\$600 to \$5,000
Poker tournaments	N/A if winnings are reported on Form W-2G	>\$5,000

## Scenario:

- An individual volunteers at a local non-profit organization and is named the head of the fundraising committee.
- The committee decides to put on a monthly raffle. To incentive others to sell tickets, the organization decides to pay the seller of the wining ticket \$1,000 for each drawing
- Additionally, the organization decides to pay the head of the fundraising committee \$500 per drawing for their efforts in coordinating the raffle.

- Are the sellers and the head of the fundraising committee truly volunteers?
- What are the "volunteers" subject too?
  - Sellers
    - Same as the winners in most cases
  - Head of fundraising committee
    - W-2 or 1099?

- Employee = W-2
- Subcontractor = 1099
- But what really is a Subcontractor?
  - Behavioral Control
  - Financial Control
  - Type of Relationship

- Behavioral Control
  - When and where to do the work
  - What tools or equipment to use
  - Assist with the work
  - Where to purchase supplies and services
  - What work must be performed and in what sequence/order

- Financial Control
  - The extent to which the worker has unreimbursed business expenses
  - The extent of the worker's investment
  - The extent the worker makes the service available to the market
  - How the worker is paid
  - The extent the worker can realize a profit or loss

- Type of Relationship
  - Payment of benefits
  - The permanency of the relationship
  - The extent to which the services performed are a key aspect of regular business
- Form SS-8 can be filed with the IRS to make the determination

#### Sources

- PPC 990 Deskbook
- PA REV-1750
- BCO-10 Instructions
- IRS Publication 15-A

### **Questions? Contact Me!**



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