Fiscal Sponsorship - When to Begin and When to Divorce?

By: Jack Owen, Esq. Owen Law Group, LLC 310 Grant St., Suite 1005 Pittsburgh, PA 15219 412-765-1020 jowen@owenlawllc.com www.owenlawllc.com

When to Begin?

Definitions:

A relationship in which a group wishing to conduct charitable activities affiliates with an existing 501(c)(3) nonprofit with a compatible mission.

More Definition

- Umbrella.
- Provides 501(c)(3) benefits including tax exemption and receipt of charitable tax contributions.
- Legal, financial, accounting, HR and other back-office support.

When to Use?

- Charitable idea but group does not want burdens of 501(c)(3).
- Group has incorporated, not yet applied to IRS or is waiting for IRS approval.

Key -

Fiscal Sponsor must have a compatible mission. Sponsor exercises legal control.

Types of Fiscal Sponsors

► Type A - Comprehensive.

► Type C - Pre-Approved Grant (Regranting).

Federal EIN

► Type A - Project does not get EIN.

► Type C - Project gets its own EIN.

IRS Form 990

► Type A - Sponsor includes Project on its own 990.

► Type C - Sponsor shows receipt of funds on its 990.
Project files its own 990 (990-EZ or 990-N),
assuming it has its own EIN.

Failure to File 990

► Automatic revocation.

► Type C - Should file 990 to preserve its tax-exemption retroactively to date of incorporation.

Charitable Solicitation (PA)

► Type A - Sponsor registers and Project does not.

► Type C - Both register.

IRS Form 1023-EZ

▶ Quicker than IRS Form 1023 (6 weeks or less for IRS approval). User fee is currently \$275 (\$600 for Form 1023).

▶ 3 page application instead of 26 or more.

Other benefits of fiscal sponsorship are important, such as back-office.

Reasons for Written Agreement?

► Fiscal sponsor must retain control and discretion of charitable funds.

▶ Cannot be a mere conduit.

Projects must further charitable purposes of Fiscal Sponsor.

Reasons for Written Agreement?

All good things must end (or will at some time).

Like new business corporations with a shareholders' agreement.

▶ Need a "break up" mechanism.

Termination Issues

Ease of exit.

▶ Who owns what?

▶ Is it a Type A or Type C?

▶ Who is successor to Grantee?

Are cash and tangible assets to be distributed to Grantee?

► Term of contract. What if no renewal? If automatic renewal, what is notice period for termination?

► Are there any legal endowments?

Endowment - created by a donor(s) who restricts donation to a permanent fund for a specific purpose.

Who chooses successor? Fiscal Sponsor or Project?

Any consents required to transfer assets? A leased copier?

Dispute mechanism - arbitration, mediation, or court of law?

Employment for Type A - usually the Fiscal Sponsor.

► COBRA, retirement funds, and other employee benefits are an issue.

► Cooperation clause.

List of states for charitable solicitation.

▶ Due Diligence.

Example

- ► Environment project started in 2017.
- ► Formed a PA nonprofit corporation.
- ► MOU with a community foundation.
- ► Type A or Type C?
- > \$4M raised.
- No 990 filed.
- ► Likely issues?

Questions?

Contact Jack Owen, Esq. or your Favorite Maher Dussel Accountant for more information